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Questionnaire

1. So what do you think a university is?

ON A SCALE OF 0 TO 5, HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE IMPORTANCE OF EACH OF LISTED FEATURES OF UNIVERSITY?

(0=NOT IMPORTANT, 5=MOST IMPORTANT):

__3_ being comprehensive (universal academia)

__4_ being autonomous

- __5_ being integrated
- __5_ having the highest quality of research and teaching
- __5_ having the right to award the PhD degree
- ___2_ being non-profit
- __4_ being responsive to societal needs
- ___4_ being accessible to all who could benefit

Are there any other features that you think are important but are not on the list? Which ones?

 SHOULD AUTONOMY REFER TO
 SHOULD LEGAL STATUS IS BE ASOCIATED TO:

 X university
 X university

 ______ faculty
 ______ faculty

 ______ both
 ______ both

Do you think that following functions should be associated to the university (U), or faculty (F) or both (U/F)?

F enrolling students

F employing staff

U/F deciding on the content of study programmes

- _U_ recruiting to academic positions
- _U_issuing diplomas/degrees

_U/F_negotiating with government for funding

_U_international relations

_U_quality assurance

_U/F_student support services

_F_library

2. Challenges to autonomy

DO YOU AGREE THAT UNIVERSITIES SHOULD HAVE THE RIGHT/FREEDOM TO (ON A SCALE OF 0 TO 5):

- _4_restructure themselves internally as they see fit
- _4_employ their own staff
- _3_vary salary scales and similar remuneration according to institutional needs;
- _4_have budgetary autonomy
- _4_own property
- _4_have access to private funding
- _3_retain earnings from their own assets or from donations and to set up holding companies
- _3_perform management by goals instead of management by rules
- _2_withdraw from the state status if they want to
- _4_define their own strategic and long-term_vision;
- _4_respond effectively to increasing domestic and international competition.

3. Challenges to university governance

IN UNIVERSITY GOVERNANCE PLEASE CHOOSE WHAT WOULD BE YOUR PREFERENCES

Who do you think should be involved in the governance of universities:

- universities should decide for themselves (staff and students only)
- universities and governments
- universities, governments and business/enterprise
- universities, governments, business and other societal representatives
- other (please specify)

Rector should be

- appointed via advert
- appointed by board of directors for a fixed term
- elected from and within local staff
- neither of these

Deans/ heads of department should be

- appointed via advert
- appointed by rector
- elected from and within local staff
- neither of these

The university personnel should be hired by

- <u>rector</u>
- <u>dean</u>
- a body appointed by rector
- neither of these

Posts and tenures in the universities should come under

legislation on labour contracts

- civil service regulations
- neither of these

The board of directors should be chaired by

- <u>rector</u>
- an external member
- neither of these

4. A paradigm shift in the evolution of HE system

IN YOUR COUNTRY, WHAT ARE THE ASPECTS OF THE MINISTRY/GOVERNMENT ROLE WHICH YOU THINK ARE MOST URGENT TO CHANGE (RATE THE URGENCY ON A SCALE OF 0 TO 5)?

_3_provide predictable long term funding framework for universities with multi-year financial planning;

_3_increase universities' financial powers in the short and the longer term while retaining appropriate regulatory powers of the government

_3_make recommendations for a reform of university governance with a view to strengthening the prerequisites for universities' internal management,

_2_make recommendations for endowment of a separate legal personality to universities which would ensure legal separation from the state legal personality

_2_withdraw from unnecessary bureaucratic control, micro-management and paper-driven regulation and interference

2 provide only a broad policy framework and delegate the rest of power to the competent independent intermediary bodies.

_2_make transfer of assets worth millions of euros to university or non for-profit independent foundation which acts as founder of the university

5. Private higher education institutions

How do you think it will be possible to maintain and develop public and social responsibility for higher education as private finance plays an increasingly important role in universities?

A legislation regulating the field of higher education should be able to ensure that the public and social responsibilities of higher education institutions are not put at the mercy of private funds (respecting basic principles)

Please describe in brief what is your perception of the concept of "private higher education institution"?

Positive side could be a healthy competition

Do you think that "private" higher education institutions normally exist in countries with long lasting experience in market economy?

- They also exist in countries which do not have long lasting experience in market economy.

According to your best knowledge are private higher education institutions typical for

- _ western European countries
- _ SEE countries
- both
- neither

Do private higher education institution usually mean "for profit"?

- No

Do you know any example of non-for profit higher eduction institution in Europe?

- No

Have you heard of foundation -owned universities?

- No

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How would you call higher eduction institution endowed with legal personality separate from the state legal personality but receiving funding from the state: private or non-private. - Non-private

6. Bologna Process and Higher Education Institutional Reform Process

DO YOU THINK THAT HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONAL REFORM IS A PREREQUISITE FOR GENUINE IMPLEMENTATION OF BOLOGNA PROCESS

YES ... please explain why?

NO ... please provide the arguments against!

THEY DO NOT RELATE ... please provide an explanation?